

Vážené pani riaditeľky, riaditelia

Kolegyne a kolegovia,

V prílohe nájdete oficiálnu informáciu hlavného veterinárneho lekára Maďarska v ktorej nám oznamuje nájdenie kadáveru uhynutého diviaka , u ktorého bola **potvrdená prítomnosť vírusu afrického moru ošípaných**

Ide o nález v župe Borsód – Abaúj- Zemplén susediacej s okresom Rimavská Sobota. Vzdialenosť od SK hranice je menej ako 1 km

V tejto súvislosti sa konalo dnes v Rimavskej Sobote stretnutie všetkých zainteresovaných strán kde sa situácia zhodnotila.

Tlačová správa zo stretnutia je na stránke rezortu <http://mpsr.sk/?navID=1&id=13788>

**Je skutočne nevyhnutné brať vážne vývoj situácie , mať vydané opatrenia ktoré boli distribuované na začiatku tohto týždňa.**

Pre časť poľovných revírov v pôsobnosti RVPS RS budú pripravené opatrenia nové zahrňujúce ešte intenzívnejší odlov ( znižovanie denzity) diviačej zveri

Slovensko je doposiaľ krajina bez potvrdeného výskytu avšak vhlľadom na vývoj situácie je potrebné byť bdelí a pripravení aj na situáciu potvrdenia vírusu AMO aj na našom území.

O vývoji Vás budeme v pravidlených intervaloch informovať.

Riaditelia RVPS v SR budú informovaní podrobnejšie priamo od ústredného riaditeľa ŠVPS SR p. Prof. J. Bíreša na porade riaditeľov konanej zajtra, 18.1.2019.

S pozdravom

**Martin Chudy, DVM.**

Acting HoU

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MINISTRY OF  
AGRICULTURE

DR. LAJOS BOGNÁR  
Chief Veterinary Officer  
Deputy State Secretary for Food Chain Control

*Ref. No.:* ÉFHÁT/9-4/2019.

Budapest, 14 January 2019

*dr. Jozef Bires*  
*Chief Veterinary Officer*  
*of the Slovak Republic*

**Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development**  
of the Slovak Republic  
Bratislava  
email: [bires@svps.sk](mailto:bires@svps.sk)

*Subject: Occurrence of African swine fever in wild boars in Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén county in Hungary close to Slovakia*

**Dear dr. Bires,**

Hereby I would like to inform you about a new primary occurrence of African swine fever (ASF) in wild boar in Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén county in Hungary close to the Slovak border.

A dead wild boar was found around the locality of Hangony (latitude: 48.25144, longitude: 20.13902) in Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén county very close to the border with Slovakia (around 350 meters) on 7 January 2019 in the current high risk area. The animal was around 8 month old and the carcass found was relatively fresh, around 2-3 days. Sample was taken and sent to the National Reference Laboratory and ASF virus was confirmed on 13 January by PCR. The virus isolation and the sequencing are in progress.

The epidemiological investigation is being carried out, but taking into consideration the distance from the previous cases and the fact that in the time period of September – December 2018 more than 150 healthy and 3 dead wild boar were tested PCR negative in this area, we currently suspect that this event is unlikely to be linked with the previous cases and thus consider it a new primary case.

A temporary infected area has been set up via a CVO order and is formed by three parts where:

- the core area is the game management unit (GMU) 650300, where ASF was detected;
- the exceptionally controlled area, composed of GMUs: 650300, 650100, 650200, 650400 (in yellow on the map);
- the area surrounding the exceptionally controlled area, specifically GMUs: 650600, 650500, 650700, 650800, 651000, 652100, 650900 and 651200 (grey on the map attached).

The new temporary infected area connects with the enlarged infected area of Heves county (in dark purple on the map), which is the territory proposed for the upcoming PAFF Committee Meeting on 16 January 2019.

For a full detailed description on the areas, please see the attached map.

A meeting of the National Classical and African Swine Fever Expert Group will be held as soon as possible to define the final infected area in accordance with the rules laid down in Articles 15(2)(a) and 16(3)(b) of Council Directive 2002/60/EC. The modification of the high risk area (Part I in Annex to CID 709/2014/EU) in Hungary will be done after the meeting of the mentioned Expert Group.

In the infected area (and the exceptionally controlled area within the infected area) all measures have been implemented that are in force in the relevant areas of Heves, Szabolcs-Szatmár-Bereg and Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén and in line with the Hungarian African swine fever eradication plan for wild boars.

I will keep you informed about any further developments.

Yours sincerely,



